

令和8年度 入学者選抜試験問題

一般選抜 令和8年2月11日

英 語 (60分)

I 注意事項

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- 2 この問題冊子は28ページあります。ただし、出題ページは下記のとおりです。
4～23ページ
- 3 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁および解答用紙の汚れ等に気づいた場合は、手を挙げて監督員に知らせなさい。
- 4 解答用紙には解答欄以外に次の記入欄があるので、その説明と解答用紙の「記入上の注意」を読み、それぞれ正しく記入し、マークしなさい。
 - ① 受験番号欄
受験番号を記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしなさい。正しくマークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。
 - ② 氏名欄
氏名・フリガナを記入しなさい。
- 5 試験開始後30分間および試験終了前5分間は退出できません。
- 6 この表紙の受験番号欄に受験番号を記入しなさい。この問題冊子は試験終了後回収します。

II 解答上の注意

- 1 解答はすべて解答用紙の所定の欄へのマークによって行います。たとえば、

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と表示のある問いに対して②と解答する場合は、次の〈例〉のように解答番号3の解答欄の②をマークします。

〈例〉

解答 番号	解 答 欄									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
3	①	●	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩

受 験 番 号				

獨協医科大学 医学部

(問題は次ページから始まる)

1 次の各問に答えなさい。

A 次の英文を読み，問に答えなさい。

著作権の都合上，掲載を差し控えております

著作権の都合上，掲載を差し控えております

(出典：Kandice McDonald. *Extensive Reading for Academic Success Advanced D*.
Compass Publishing.)

Notes:

verisimilitude 「真実らしさ, 迫真性」 protagonist 「主人公」 tenet 「信条, 基本原理」 empirical 「経験による」 characterization 「人物描写」

問 1 ~ の空所を補うのに最も適切なものを, 下の①~④の中からそれぞれ 1 つ選びマークしなさい。

- ① often concerned with ethical problems
② primarily about aesthetic beauty and artistic expression
③ often focused on anxiety over the state of the environment
④ primarily focused on supernatural events

- ① the key to building wealth
② the value of the outwardly ordinary
③ ways to escape dull and repetitive days
④ the issue of social inequality

- ① emphasized the unnecessary
② covered the remarkable achievements
③ chose to ignore the corrupt mindset
④ sought to expose the corruption

- ① minute descriptions of his characters' inner lives
② bold and swift scientific action
③ fierce criticism of people's religious-like behavior
④ precise descriptions of the natural world

- 5
- ① the popularity of historical fiction
 - ② the rejection of Romantic plots
 - ③ the rise of narrative structures
 - ④ the use of poetic language in novels

- 6
- ① the complexity of urban development
 - ② the progress of scientific discovery
 - ③ the individual's struggles and choices
 - ④ the traditions of classical literature

問2 次の 7 ・ 8 の各問の答えとして最も適切なものを、下の①～④の中からそれぞれ1つ選びマークしなさい。

- 7 What is one thing that Realist writers at the time were likely to have done?
- ① Publish a book on the importance of protecting wild habitats
 - ② Interview low-income workers
 - ③ Depict international problems with optimism
 - ④ Show a heroic president

- 8 Which of the following is most accurate based on the overall content?
- ① Romanticism, unlike Realism, focused on social class and everyday life.
 - ② Romanticism succeeded the movement of Realism.
 - ③ The invention of the automobile engine had little to do with Realist novels.
 - ④ The impact of Realism has lasted into the present day.

B 次の英文を読み，問に答えなさい。

著作権の都合上，掲載を差し控えております

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著作権の都合上，掲載を差し控えております

(出典：Cynthia Vejar. “Why Anger Can Be an Ally During the Grieving Process.”
Psychology Today.)

Notes:

mantra 「心の平穏のために繰り返す言葉」 volatility 「(感情の) 激しさ」
cardiovascular disease 「心血管疾患」 wreak havoc 「大混乱をもたらす」
seep 「しみ出す」

問1 ～ の空所を補うのに最も適切なものを, 下の①～④の中から
それぞれ1つ選びマークしなさい。

- ① anger has little to do with grief
② grief is more significant than anger
③ they are in conflict with each other
④ they walk hand-in-hand as companions

- ① common not to find a sense of injustice
② far from common to find a sense of unfairness
③ not uncommon to find a sense of injustice
④ uncommon to find a sense of unfairness

- 11 ① encourage us to take action
② force us to look before we leap
③ make us stop asking for help
④ prevent us from going further
- 12 ① bring us several benefits
② come with a steep downside
③ help us survive in our competitive world
④ make us feel more competent
- 13 ① becomes rather beneficial to us
② disappears from us completely
③ doesn't just disappear
④ is no longer harmful to us
- 14 ① accumulating as much of it as possible
② being at the mercy of it
③ finding healthy ways to express it
④ suppressing it no matter what
- 15 ① allowing it to become an obstacle
② coming to terms with it
③ making it something beneficial
④ using it to our advantage

問2 下線部(A)～(C)の意味に最も近いものを、下の①～④の中からそれぞれ1つ
選びマークしなさい。

- (A) 16
- ① Declarations of a desire to become more patient
② Idioms related to someone losing their temper
③ Expressions of anger in spoken words
④ Attempts to suppress anger as much as possible

(B)

- ① they might feel confident by suppressing their anger
- ② they might feel desperate by expressing their anger
- ③ they might feel embarrassed by not suppressing their anger
- ④ they might feel helpless by not expressing their anger

(C)

- ① a friend who is seemingly impatient but actually kind
- ② a friend who is so patient as to support you
- ③ an enemy who irritably forces you to be patient
- ④ an enemy who is patient enough to guide you

問3 次の ・ の各問の答えとして最も適切なものを、下の①～④の中からそれぞれ1つ選びマークしなさい。

Which of the following is true according to the passage?

- ① Anger and grief are so different that we rarely experience them both at the same time.
- ② Anger is rooted in our instincts and makes it easier for us to respond to threats in order to survive.
- ③ Anger makes us feel vulnerable or powerless even if we channel it in healthy ways.
- ④ Anger tends to turn inward and it can be considered as feelings of self-blame or deep sorrow, especially during emotional distress.

Which of the following best reflects the author's opinion on anger?

- ① Anger is always harmful and we should train ourselves to control it.
- ② As anger is more harmful than grief, it shouldn't be expressed under any circumstances.
- ③ If we learn to express anger properly, we may well have an opportunity to recover from grief.
- ④ Since grief is the cause of anger, we should try to avoid it whenever possible.

2 次の各問に答えなさい。

A 次の会話文を読み、問に答えなさい。

Maya : Mr. Harrison, I've been thinking more about the topic of tourism we covered recently. Take that beautiful coastal town example we discussed... it seems tourism must bring mostly good things there, like money and jobs, right?

Mr. Harrison: That's often the main focus, Maya. You're right about the economic positives. Tourism creates jobs — in hotels, restaurants, shops — generating revenue for the local community. This income can potentially fund improvements in local infrastructure or services.

Maya : Okay, so jobs and money are key benefits.

Mr. Harrison: Yes, and it can also provide incentives to preserve cultural heritage sites and natural environments because they attract visitors. Think of historical buildings or protected parks. Plus, it allows for cultural exchange between visitors and residents.

Maya : But are there downsides too? I visited a really popular beach once, and it felt incredibly overcrowded, and unfortunately, there was quite a bit of litter.

Mr. Harrison: You've touched upon significant negative impacts. "Overtourism" is a major concern. A high volume of visitors strains local resources like water supplies and waste management systems. The sheer crowding can also diminish the quality of life for local residents.

Maya : And the litter causes pollution, I guess?

Mr. Harrison: Exactly. Environmental damage is a critical issue. This includes pollution from increased traffic and waste, erosion or damage to natural landscapes like trails or reefs, and disturbance to wildlife. Furthermore, local culture can be negatively affected; traditions might become overly commercialized, losing authenticity. In very

popular destinations, the cost of living can rise steeply, sometimes displacing the local population.

Maya : Wow, it's more complicated than I first thought. Definitely a mix of good and bad then.

Mr. Harrison: It truly is. Tourism holds great potential for development, but it needs careful and sustainable management. Without that, the negative consequences for the destination and its community can easily outweigh the benefits. Finding that balance is the real challenge.

問1 Which of the following is NOT mentioned about the negative side of tourism?

- ① More water is needed to meet visitors' needs.
- ② Visitors cannot enjoy the real traditions that originated in the local area.
- ③ More local people might be forced to move to other places.
- ④ Unique wild plants and animals may become extinct in the future.

問2 Which of the following is the closest to Mr. Harrison's idea?

- ① He thinks he should have more discussions with his students including Maya.
- ② He insists that helping local people cope with overtourism is a priority now.
- ③ He believes overtourism does not cause much harm to natural landscapes.
- ④ He thinks tourism can be beneficial if it is managed carefully.

問3 How did Maya's idea change toward the end of the conversation?

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- ① She was worried about the problem of overtourism, but she finally found a way to solve it.
- ② She was enjoying the conversation with her teacher, but she found it too complicated.
- ③ She mainly knew about the positive side of tourism, but found out it's not always a good thing.
- ④ She was hardly interested in the topic of tourism, but she discovered its importance in the end.

英語の試験問題は次に続く。

B 次の英文において、 ～ の空所を補うのに最も適切なものを、下の①～⑧の中からそれぞれ1つ選びマークしなさい。ただし、文頭に来るものも書き出しは小文字となっている。

著作権の都合上、掲載を差し控えております

著作権の都合上、掲載を差し控えております

(出典：Bruce Allen & Makoto Shishido. *Imagining Tomorrow*. SEIBIDO.)

- ① it may take a million years
- ② a minor geological event that has little impact on the planet's activity
- ③ are related to weather and environment
- ④ geological changes were mostly controlled by nature
- ⑤ generally thought to be only about 5,000 years old
- ⑥ another major geological process
- ⑦ differ significantly from the forces we have in mind
- ⑧ sometimes the continents reunited again

3 日本文の意味に合うように () 内の語 (句) を正しく並べかえ, 3 番目と 7 番目に来る番号をマークしなさい。ただし, 文頭に来る単語も書き出しは小文字となっている。

(1) ある種の新しいアプローチが, 伝統的な方法よりも本当に効果的なのかどうかは, 依然として重要な問題です。

3 番目 7 番目

(1) a critical question (2) remains (3) is truly (4) whether
(5) a certain (6) than (7) more effective (8) it
(9) new approach) the traditional methods.

(2) 人々はしばしば, オンラインで見つけた限られた情報に基づいて, 他者についての意見を形成しがちです。

3 番目 7 番目

People (1) about (2) that (3) limited information
(4) they (5) other people (6) tend to (7) based upon
(8) an opinion (9) form) find online.

(3) もしも彼の科学的な発見がなかったら, 世界はどれほど違った展開を見せていたかはわからない。

3 番目 7 番目

Had it not been for his scientific discovery, (1) have (2) how differently
(3) is (4) knowing (5) might (6) no (7) the world
(8) unfolded (9) there).

(4) これらの小説家は、その生涯が伝記の題材にされてきたほどの並外れた人物である。

3 番目 7 番目

These novelists are (① been ② biographies
③ extraordinary figures ④ have ⑤ life-stories ⑥ made
⑦ of ⑧ the subject ⑨ whose).

(5) 彼がその大学で得た名声は大きかったので、大学の講堂の一つは彼の名前を冠している。

3 番目 7 番目

The fame he earned in the university (① bears ② great
③ his name ④ its halls ⑤ of ⑥ one ⑦ so ⑧ that
⑨ was).

4 日本文の意味に合うように 40 ~ 49 に入れるのに最も適切な語(句)を、下の①~④の中からそれぞれ1つ選びマークしなさい。

(1) 左利きの人には、以前は右手で書くよう強制されたものだった。

Left-handed people used to 40 with their right hands.

- ① being made to write ② being made write
③ be made write ④ be made to write

(2) 火山の噴火で破壊された都市が、この地域のどこかにあった。

The city which was destroyed when the volcano erupted 41 somewhere in this region.

- ① lay ② lain ③ laid ④ lied

(3) メディアは有名人のトラブルを実際以上に悪く見せている。

The media makes the problems of famous people seem worse than 42 .

- ① themselves ② real of them
③ they really are ④ actually

(4) ATM が、私が使う番の直前で突然動かなくなってしまった。

The ATM suddenly 43 just before it was my turn to use it.

- ① failed functioned ② failed to function
③ stopped functioned ④ stopped to function

(5) 古代エジプト人たちによって墓に残された多くのものが、科学者や探検家によって明らかになってきている。

Many things left by the ancient Egyptians in tombs have been brought to 44 by scientists and explorers.

- ① light ② name ③ hands ④ fame

